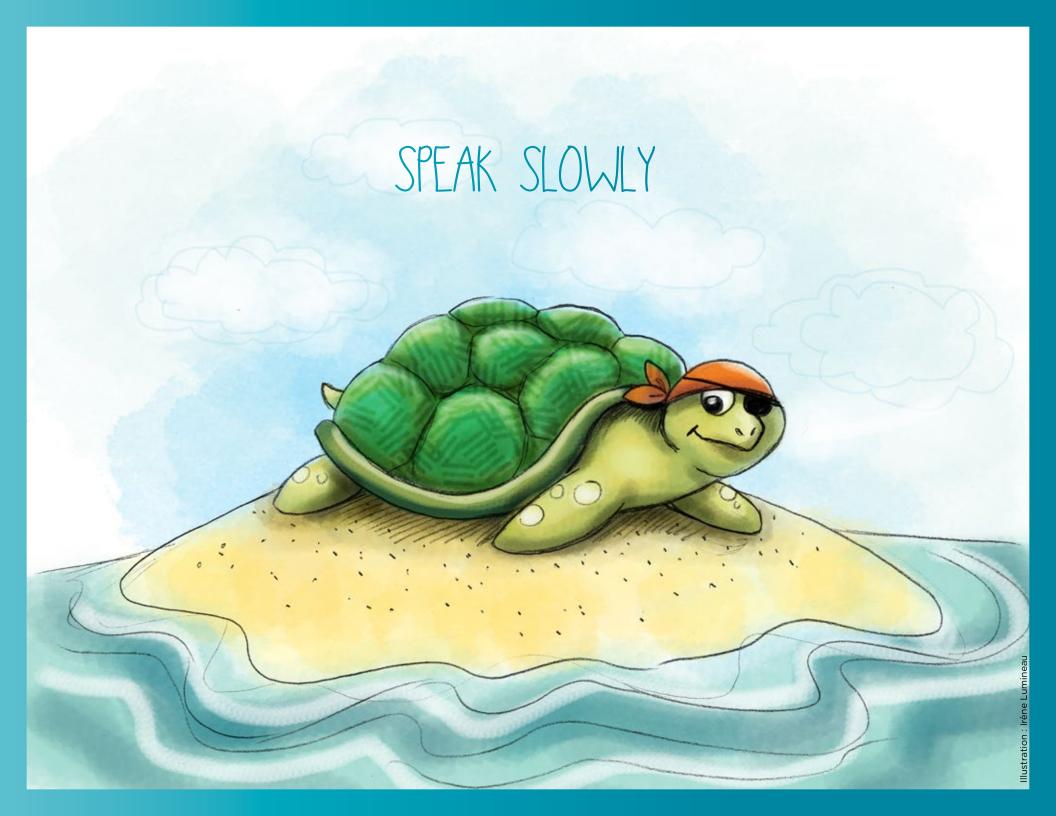


POSITION YOURSELF AT THE CHILD'S LEVEL

### POSITION YOURSELF AT THE CHILD'S LEVEL

I am down at the child's level and we are face-to-face while talking.





### SPEAK SLOWLY

I speak slowly when talking to the child.





Illustration : Irène Lumineau

# IMPROVE COMMUNICATION BY FOLLOWING YOUR CHILD'S INTERESTS

I am listening and observing the child so I can follow his/her interests.





### DESCRIBE YOUR ACTIONS

Describe yours and your child's actions out loud.

Example: I am cutting an apple.
You are mixing the dough.





EXPAND THE CHILD'S SENTENCES

## EXPAND THE CHILD'S SENTENCES

Add a word or more to expand the child's utterance to make a sentence.

Example: Boat! Yes, a small boat!





How did it happen? Where? When?

> ASK OPEN-ENDED QUESTIONS

### ASK OPEN-ENDED QUESTIONS

Try to avoid questions that can be answered with a yes/no response.

Example: How did it happen?

Where? When?



You're THHHH-irsty?
What would
you like to drink?

I'm firsty!

REPHRASE.
YOU ARE
A MODEL



### REPHRASE. YOU ARE A MODEL

When the child makes a mistake, rephrase the sentence using the correct words. It is not necessary for the child to repeat the corrected version. Hearing it is enough.

Example: I'm firsty! You're THHHH-irsty?
What would you like to drink?





### MAKE MISTAKES ON PURPOSE

Make mistakes on purpose to get your child's attention and encourage him/her to correct you.

Example: Have you seen the boat?





WAIT (FIVE SECONDS)

## WAIT (FIVE SECONDS)

Give your child time to respond or formulate their request.





### PRETEND TO BE FORGETFUL

### PRETEND TO BE FORGETFUL

Occasionally, forget something in the routine to stimulate a reaction from your child.

Example: forget to give utensils or give an empty plate.





### USE NATURAL GESTURES

Using gestures supports communication and can help others understand or help us be understood.



### WHEN UNDERSTANDING IS DIFFICULT, USE THESE THREE STEPS:



Give the direction/ instruction verbally

Add a gesture

Do it with the child

# WHEN UNDERSTANDING IS DIFFICULT, USE THESE THREE STEPS:

- 1. Give the direction/instruction verbally
  - 2. Add a gesture
  - 3. Do it with the child





### OFFER A CHOICE OF ANSWERS:

When the child does not use the correct word or does not answer a question correctly, offer the child a choice.

Example: do you want an apple or a banana?



### SAY THE BEGINNING OF THE WORD



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# SAY THE BEGINNING OF THE WORD

When the child is looking for a word, help him/her by saying the beginning of the word.

Example: You want a pi...

Pineapple!





Illustration : Irène Lumineau

### GIVE CLUES / PLAY GUESS WHO

Describe the item naming its category, its function/ use, a description etc.

Example: It is a fruit. It is round and orange. It's an... orange!

